

SB3564 • Illinois

POLICE-FACIAL RECOGNITION ACT

Introduced

Risk: High

Comprehensive

Effective: Oct 01, 2023 | Last Action (Feb 05, 2026): Referred to Assignments

Summary

IL SB3564: POLICE-FACIAL RECOGNITION ACT restricts real-time use, mandates reasonable suspicion, prohibits use during protected activities, and amends training laws, including policy updates.

Business Impact

If you operate a law enforcement agency in Illinois using facial recognition technology, you must conduct compliance audits by January 1, 2027, or face penalties.

Key Provisions

- Facial recognition technology cannot be used for real or live-time identification.
- Facial recognition technology cannot be used unless there is reasonable suspicion that an individual is actively committing, about to commit, or has committed a crime.
- Facial recognition technology cannot be used based on an individual's political or social beliefs, lawful activities, or protected characteristics.
- Facial recognition technology cannot be used for analyzing images or recordings of individuals engaged in constitutionally protected activities unless there is reasonable suspicion.
- The Illinois State Police must publish a report on the use and reliability of facial recognition technology, which may include an assessment of its accuracy and reliability, overall rates of implementation of policies outlined in the Act, and recommendations for updates in local policies.
- The Law Enforcement Training Standards Board must publish a model policy and curriculum for facial recognition technology.
- Results from facial recognition technology cannot solely establish probable cause for warrants.
- Agencies must maintain a use and data management policy for facial recognition technology.

Compliance Checklist

- Conduct a compliance audit regarding facial recognition technology use | Who: Law enforcement agencies using facial recognition technology | Penalty: Potential penalties for non-compliance not specified
- Publish a use and data management policy on the agency's public website | Who: Law enforcement agencies using facial recognition technology | Penalty: Potential penalties for non-compliance not specified

Industries Affected

Technology Public Safety Government Housing Law Enforcement

Topics

AI in Real Estate Facial Recognition AI in Law Enforcement

Bill Sponsors

Name	Party	Role
Chapin Rose	Republican	Primary
John F. Curran	Republican	Primary
Don Harmon	Democratic	Primary
Gary Forby		Primary
William R. Haine		Primary
Erica Harriss	Republican	Primary
Adriane Johnson	Democratic	Primary

Related Bills

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- SB 3564 (IL)

Official Source

<https://www.ilga.gov/Legislation/BillStatus?DocNum=3564&GAID;=18&DocTypeID;=SB&SessionID;=114&GA;=104>

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